

## GLOBALIZATION PROCESS AND THE ROLE OF HUMANITIES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF EDUCATION

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*This article analyzes the impact of globalization on the education system and the development of the humanities. The digitization of education, its integration with information technologies, and the role of the humanities in the formation of universal human values, the preservation of national cultural heritage, and the development of social responsibility are discussed.*

**INTRODUCTION.** Humanities are an integral part of the education system and are aimed at the spiritual and intellectual development of the human personality. They serve as an important tool for students to form universal human values, preserve national heritage and educate social responsibility. In the conditions of globalization, the importance of humanities is increasing, because through them the worldview of modern people is expanded, they have the opportunity to understand the social, cultural and moral problems of the world in depth.

Formation of universal human values through the humanities. The humanities play an important role in the spiritual development of a person and strengthening his moral foundations. Through these sciences, one can gain in-depth knowledge about human nature, culture, social relations, and worldview. These are one of the main factors that not only enrich a person spiritually, but also encourage him to recognize and appreciate universal human values. For example, philosophy teaches students to think critically, literature enriches a person with aesthetic feelings and moral values, and history creates a foundation for the future by recognizing and studying the common heritage of humanity.

The humanities promote fundamental values such as justice, freedom, and peace. They prepare students to respect different cultures and traditions, to accept different worldviews. In the process, students gain an understanding of universal values as well as reexamine their own personal values. When a person is spiritually formed, his role in society becomes more positive. Such an approach, according to Nussbaum, "the humanities are invaluable in the spiritual formation of the individual through the study and appreciation of the common heritage of mankind".

Also, individuals who have been educated through the humanities are more sensitive to social problems in the world. They understand the importance of ensuring social justice and protecting the rights of every person. These disciplines, in particular, serve to develop students' moral and aesthetic outlook more deeply. For example, through literature, young people learn concepts such as justice, courage, and humanity through the lives of heroes and their decisions. In short, the humanities are the main means of ensuring the spiritual development of a person in the educational process. They encourage students not only to understand universal human values, but also to apply them in their lives. Therefore, when teaching the humanities, it is important to pay attention not only to providing students with knowledge, but also to forming spiritual and moral feelings in them.

The role of the humanities in preserving national culture and history . The humanities are of particular importance in preserving national culture and history, as they help students to understand and appreciate their national heritage more deeply. Subjects such as history, cultural studies, and literature form a national spirit in young people by connecting them with their historical roots and cultural values. Through this, students learn to be proud of the unique features, values, and achievements of their nation and to take a responsible approach to their preservation and development.

The study of national history and culture plays an important role in shaping students as individuals who do not lose their identity in the process of globalization. In this process, they learn to communicate with other cultures, recognizing their cultural and historical heritage. In particular, the science of history is an important tool in restoring and preserving national memory. As Eric Hobsbawm noted, "History is the memory of a nation, and its protection is an important factor in preserving the national spirit". From this point of view, the science of history plays a key role in not only providing young people with information, but also in forming their national consciousness and sense of patriotism. In addition, through the humanities, students form a vigilant and critical approach to modern threats. National values may be at risk of being destroyed under the influence of modern global

culture. The humanities, in turn, teach how to preserve these values and harmonize them with modernity. For example, cultural studies encourages students to understand the essence of their national traditions and develop effective ways to protect them.

The humanities are also important in developing and preserving national spirituality. They help students not only connect with the past, but also strengthen their responsibility for the future. By studying national culture and history, young people understand their personal responsibilities and are shaped as individuals who strive to make their own contributions.

In general, humanities are the main means of preserving national culture and history. They provide students with the necessary knowledge and skills to deeply understand national values, protect them and preserve national identity in the modern world. Therefore, it is necessary to pay special attention to the development of the national spirit and historical consciousness in the teaching of humanities.

The role of the humanities in the education of humanity and social responsibility. The humanities are one of the most important educational areas that direct the human personality to be active and responsible in the social environment. Their main task is to teach students to deeply understand social relations, recognize humanistic values, and apply them in life. Through the humanities, students master concepts such as social justice, compassion, solidarity, and collective responsibility. Such concepts, including literature, social sciences, and art, play a significant role in the educational process. For example, through literature, students understand the importance of justice, assistance, and compassion in human life through the internal experiences of various characters and their relationships with the social environment. Art encourages people to reflect on various social processes and feel social responsibility. Social sciences also develop students' ability to analyze the system of social relations in society and offer practical solutions to improve it. As Amartya Sen noted, "The humanities play a key role in increasing the social responsibility of a person, because they form people who are able to regulate social relations". This idea clearly shows that the humanities are not just about providing knowledge, but also a process that encourages a person to be active in social relations. The humanities play an important role in developing students' ability to work in a team. Their adaptability to the social environment, readiness for collective dialogue and cooperation, and the ability to solve problems together are formed precisely through these disciplines. Such disciplines direct students to approach different worldviews with respect and to actively participate in maintaining social balance in society.

Humanities are an important tool that ensures active participation of a person in social relations and forms him as a fair and responsible person. They encourage people not only to actively participate in social processes, but also to improve society through their life activities. Therefore, it is necessary for the humanities to maintain the main place in the development of the concepts of social justice and responsibility. In general, the humanities play an important role in harmonizing universal and national values by enriching the spiritual and cultural aspects of education. They serve as an important basis for the formation of moral concepts, social responsibility and cultural identity in young people. One of the main tasks of the education system should be to further strengthen the position of humanities in the process of globalization.

Problems and opportunities of the humanities in the context of globalization. The globalization process has brought new opportunities and, at the same time, a number of problems to the humanities. These sciences play an important role in ensuring the spiritual development of society, are aimed at preserving national values and harmonizing them with world heritage. Globalization, along with enriching the content of the humanities, has created the need to reconsider their significance. In particular, in our opinion, in this regard, it is necessary to pay attention to the following aspects:

1. Protection of the national cultural heritage from the currents of globalization. The process of globalization enhances exchanges between different cultures and contributes to the enrichment of world culture. However, in such a process, national values and cultural heritage face the risk of losing their identity under the influence of global culture. National cultural heritage is reflected in the nation's history, language, customs and traditions. Preserving these values is important in ensuring the moral stability of society. Humanities play a leading role in this regard.

Through humanities subjects such as history, literature, and ethnography, students gain a deeper understanding of their cultural roots. Such knowledge instills in them a sense of pride in national values, encouraging them to demonstrate them on the global stage. For example, the Silk Road culture, which is an integral part of the history of Uzbekistan, and the cultural achievements of the era of Amir Temur, play an important role in shaping national pride in students.

As scientific sources in Uzbekistan emphasize, "Preserving cultural heritage requires not only studying it, but also the responsibility to pass it on to future generations. In this regard, the role of educational institutions, especially the humanities, is invaluable". This approach

clearly demonstrates the importance of protecting national heritage and adapting it to the modern world.

It is also important to use innovative methods to preserve local values in the face of global cultural influence. For example, digitizing national cultural monuments and resources can help them be widely disseminated internationally. Innovations such as translating national literary works into different languages or creating virtual museums can help the younger generation understand their history more deeply.

The humanities also ensure not only the protection of national values, but also their integration with modernity. The younger generation will have the opportunity to understand their national heritage and actively demonstrate it on the global stage. In this process, the humanities, by integrating national values in the educational process, convey their essence to young people. In general, the humanities are an important tool in preserving the national cultural heritage and protecting it from global influence. They educate the younger generation as individuals who value their cultural roots and, at the same time, are able to demonstrate it on the world stage. Therefore, it is necessary to further strengthen the role of the humanities in protecting national values.

2. Introducing new methods and technologies for the humanities. The globalization process provides new opportunities for teaching and research methods in the humanities. Through modern technologies, the educational process is organized in an interactive, interesting and effective way, and the attractiveness and importance of the humanities are further increasing. In particular, distance learning platforms, virtual museums, and interactive educational tools are enriching the teaching methods of the humanities and helping students to acquire knowledge more deeply. For example, through virtual museums, students have the opportunity to study historical monuments and cultural heritage virtually. This method not only removes physical boundaries, but also creates an opportunity for students to get acquainted with the global cultural heritage. Also, interactive educational tools, such as educational simulations and artificial intelligence-based curricula, increase students' interest and bring them closer to science.

New approaches, such as digitizing historical documents and analyzing them with the help of artificial intelligence, are strengthening the role of the humanities in scientific research. With the help of such technologies, it is possible to quickly analyze historical texts, visualize metaphors in literary works, or create digital archives of cultural sources. For example, digitizing historical documents ensures their accessibility to a wide audience,

while computer-assisted analysis of literary texts allows us to obtain new scientific data on their semantic structure.

New technologies. For example, exploring topics such as global climate change, social justice, and cultural heritage preservation through the humanities encourages students to understand contemporary issues and propose creative solutions to them.

Technologies also help students engage in active dialogue in the learning process. For example, online forums, virtual group discussions, and digital platforms enhance communication between students and develop their ability to exchange ideas. Such interactive approaches reveal not only the theoretical but also the practical significance of the humanities. In general, the introduction of new methods and technologies is giving a great impetus to the development of the humanities. These opportunities encourage the younger generation to understand their national and universal values more deeply, while effectively using modern technologies. Therefore, the humanities should be taught in an integrated manner with modern technologies. Such an approach not only increases the quality of the subjects, but also makes them more interesting for young people.

Integration of the humanities in modern education. The integration of the humanities with other disciplines in the modern education system further enhances their practical significance. This approach ensures both the intellectual and spiritual development of students. The integration of the humanities with STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics) disciplines allows young people to gain a broader understanding of various fields. For example, by studying the connection between mathematics and philosophy or the relationship between information technology and ethics, students develop the ability to apply theoretical knowledge in real-life situations.

The integration of the humanities in the educational process is aimed at educating socially responsible individuals for society. In this case, such humanitarian areas as literature, art, and philosophy are combined with STEM disciplines, developing students' ability to understand social relations and global problems. For example, through literature and history, students gain a deeper understanding of the impact of historical events on modern society, while art serves to enrich them with aesthetic views and creativity. As Sh. Mamadaliev emphasized, "The integration of the humanities with other areas of education plays an important role in developing students' creative thinking skills and understanding of spiritual values". This approach makes modern education comprehensive and relevant to life needs.

In the process of integration, the humanities work together with STEM fields, guiding students to find answers to modern problems. For example, while natural sciences provide information in the study of environmental problems, the humanities help explain the moral and social significance of this information. Thus, students not only identify the problem, but also develop socio-moral solutions to solve it. The integration of the humanities also serves to develop students' communication skills. For example, students in STEM areas learn to effectively communicate their proposals and achievements to the public through the humanities. This increases their social activity and professional effectiveness. In general, the integration of the humanities into modern education not only improves the quality of education, but also serves to educate students as intellectually and spiritually mature individuals. This approach is important not only in solving problems on a national but also global scale. Therefore, deep integration of the humanities into modern education should be one of the priority areas of the education system.

The process of globalization requires comprehensive development of the human personality in the educational system, harmonization of national and universal values. The role of humanities in this process is invaluable. They serve to educate the young generation as a spiritually, intellectually and socially mature person. In the modern world, strengthening the role of humanitarian sciences, improving the quality of their teaching and integrating them into modern education is becoming one of the priority tasks.

The need to further strengthen the role of the humanities in education. In the context of globalization, education cannot be complete without the humanities. These disciplines are the main means of preserving national and universal values, instilling a sense of social responsibility in young people and strengthening them spiritually. As K. Abdurakhmanov emphasized, "Education plays a key role in preserving national interests and expressing them in a global environment. In this process, the humanities serve as the spiritual foundation of society".

In protecting national values, the humanities help enrich the educational process. By making these subjects a central part of education, it is possible to develop in young people a sense of national pride, pride in their culture and history. For example, as A. Yuldoshev noted, "The humanities are the main means of educating spiritually mature, socially responsible individuals for society in the educational process."

Improving the quality of education through the implementation of innovative approaches

The introduction of innovative technologies into the educational process will further increase the effectiveness of the humanities. For example, digital archives, virtual museums,

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and research using artificial intelligence make the educational process interactive and interesting. Virtual educational platforms allow students to study historical events or cultural heritage interactively. As K. Abdurakhmanov noted, “Combining the humanities with modern technologies is an important task aimed at increasing the effectiveness of education”.

It is also important to integrate the humanities with STEM disciplines through interdisciplinary approaches. For example, by combining ethics and technology, students develop the ability to critically analyze social problems. As Joseph Lebo noted, “When technology and the humanities are combined, individuals emerge who understand not only advanced technologies for society, but also their social consequences”.

The importance of balancing global and national interests

In the context of globalization, education should not only preserve national interests, but also harmonize them with global interests. In this process, the humanities play an important role in promoting national values at the international level and harmonizing them with global culture. For example, such work as translating national literature into different languages or promoting national culture on digital platforms will enhance this process. As Amartya Sen noted, “Globalization is an opportunity to strengthen cultural and spiritual ties between people, but in this process, preserving national identity remains the main task”. Therefore, the education system should be aimed at harmonizing national and universal values.

In general, the perspective of education and humanitarian sciences in the conditions of globalization depends on educating the young generation as mature individuals not only intellectually, but also spiritually. Enhancing the importance of humanitarian sciences, introducing innovative technologies and harmonizing national and global interests in the educational process are the main directions of improving the quality of education. Therefore, it is necessary to put humanities in the central place in the modern education system. They play a leading role in ensuring the moral and intellectual stability of society.

In conclusion, the following can be noted:

The process of globalization poses new demands and tasks for the education system. Modern education should serve not only to improve the theoretical knowledge of students, but also to their spiritual, intellectual and social development. The humanities play an important role in this process. They are aimed at harmonizing national and universal values, instilling social awareness in the younger generation. It is a leading tool in developing responsibility and critical thinking skills;

strengthening the position of humanities in the educational system, improving the quality of their teaching with the help of innovative technologies, and harmonizing national and global interests are important for the sustainable development of the educational system. Preservation of the national cultural heritage, its presentation on the global stage and effective use of humanities in this process is one of the future priorities;

It is necessary to further improve the quality of general education by integrating the humanities with modern technologies, introducing innovative approaches, and increasing their practical relevance in education. This will make it possible to educate the younger generation not only as knowledgeable, but also as spiritually and morally mature individuals.

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